

# Raccolta di esercizi per Elettromagnetismo

## Errata corrige I edizione

Pagina	Errata	Corretta
15, ultima formula	$y_{max} = \frac{d}{2} \tan \alpha_2 = \frac{d}{2\sqrt{2}}$	$y_{max} = d \tan \alpha_2 = \frac{d}{\sqrt{2}} = 35.4 \text{ cm}$
18, terzultima formula	$L > \frac{\tan \alpha d}{4} = \frac{d\sqrt{2}}{8} = 3.54 \text{ mm}$	$L > \frac{\tan \alpha d}{4} = \frac{d}{4} = 5 \text{ mm}$
24, terza formula	$dF = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{x dq q_I}{(x^2 + R^2)^{3/2}} =$ $= \frac{1}{2\epsilon_0} \frac{x \sigma r q_I}{(x^2 + R^2)^{3/2}} dr$	$dF = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{x dq q_I}{(x^2 + r^2)^{3/2}} =$ $= \frac{1}{2\epsilon_0} \frac{x \sigma r q_I}{(x^2 + r^2)^{3/2}} dr$
31, V formula	$q_{int} = \rho V = \rho \pi R^2 h$	$q_{int} = \rho V = \rho \pi r^2 h$
38, seconda formula	$\dots = qV_f - qV_i = -q\Delta V = \dots$	$\dots = qV_f - qV_i = q\Delta V = \dots$
40, ultima formula	$d_3 = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_I q_2}{E_I} = 20.6 \text{ cm}$	$d_3 = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_I q_2}{E_I} = 20.6 \text{ m}$
89, ultima riga	$R_\theta = \frac{V_v + (R + R_a)I_a}{I_a + V_v \frac{R + R_v}{RR_v}} = 11.5 \Omega$	$R_\theta = \frac{(R + R_a)I_a - V_v}{V_v \frac{R + R_v}{RR_v} - I_a} = 11.5 \Omega$
121, prima formula	$M = d_I F \sin \alpha = 0.6 \text{ Nm}$	$M = d_I F \sin \alpha = 0.6 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Nm}$
125, II riga	densità superficiale $K$	densità lineare $K$
125, seconda formula	$\Phi(\vec{B}) = \dots$	$\Lambda(\vec{B}) = \dots$